



Thank you for your support and love.

John 1:4
"In him was life, and that life
was the light of all mankind."

1. Jesus' light and life proceed together

Who says that
light = life
But the light
life = light



2. Jesus light shines in the darkness



John 1:9
"The light that gives life to
all mankind."

3. His light shines to *generate faith*



4. Christ only gives *illuminated* life



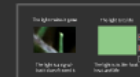


giving
JESUS



The illuminating power of Jesus' life calls for our belief.

If we believe in Jesus' **light**, we will receive his **life**.



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was the light of all mankind."

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We might think:

Light → Life

But this says:

Life → Light

Why?
Hint: context

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John 1:1-4 In the beginning was the Word, the Word was God. Through him all things were made; without him nothing was made that has been made.

In him was life,
and that life was the light of men.

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John 1:1-4

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

In him was life,

and that life was the light of men.

John 1:5



"The light shines in the darkness, and the darkness has not overcome it."




Clarifying the Evocative...

<u>Darkness</u>		<u>Light</u>
1. Ignorance		1. Illumination
2. Evil		2. Goodness
3. Death		3. Life

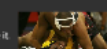
2. Jesus light shines in the darkness

The light shines in the darkness.

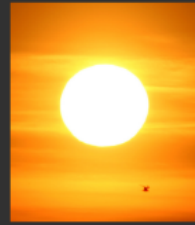


(Conflict)

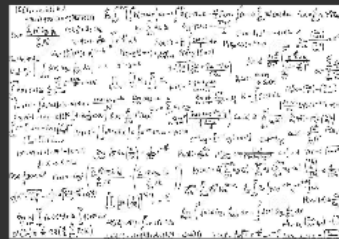
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Clarifying the Evocative...

Darkness

1. Ignorance
2. Evil
3. Death



Light

1. Illumination
2. Goodness
3. Life

The light shines in the darkness.

(Conflict)

...the darkness has not overcome it.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \sum_{k=1}^n \int_{b_k}^{b_{k+1}} \left(\int_0^t \psi_k^*(\tau) d\tau \right) dt - x \int_0^{b_{k+1}} \psi_k^*(\tau) d\tau = \frac{x^2}{2} B(x) + \int_0^x (x-u) \sum_{k=1}^n \psi_k^*(u) du \quad A(x) = \sum_{k=1}^n b_k \psi_k^*(b_{k+1}) \\
 & \eta_1 = \sum_{k=1}^n a_k \xi_k \quad \log \varphi(u) = -\frac{\sigma^2 u^2}{2} \quad i^2 = -1; j^2 = -1; k^2 = -1 \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(2n)}{(n)} = e^{-2} \\
 & \int_0^\infty e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}} dt \quad S(\alpha, T) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^\pi \frac{\sin \alpha t}{t} dt \quad P(\eta_\infty < x) = F(x) \\
 & P(\eta < y | \xi = x) = \sup_{y < y, y \in \mathbb{R}} P(\eta < y | \xi = x) \quad f(t|y) = \frac{2e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_0^\infty \frac{e^{-\frac{u^2}{2}}}{(1-\frac{u^2}{2})^{\frac{3}{2}}} du \quad \Delta N = \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{\xi_n}{n} \\
 & \varepsilon \quad g^{-1} \cdot g = e \quad \gamma = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_n}{\lambda_n}} \left(\frac{\eta_{2n}}{\lambda_n} + \frac{\eta_{2n} - \eta_{2n}}{\lambda_n} \right) \quad \psi_r(x) = \frac{G_r(x)}{1 + G_r(x)} \quad U_{k,q}^* = (2n) - (2n) \\
 & \prod_{k \leq b} \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} H_{i,j} \cap_{n=0}^\infty X_n \quad f_n(t) = \frac{2^{-n} n! e^{-2t}}{(n-1)!} \quad R = \int_{-\infty}^\infty \varphi(t) dt \quad \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} (e^t) = 0 \\
 & \frac{t^n e^{-2t}}{n!} \quad \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} (e^t) = 0 \quad C_{iv} = \sum_{i,j=1}^n a_{ij} b_{ij} \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\gamma_n}{n} = P_e \quad \left| \frac{\sin t u}{t u} [\varphi(t) e^{-itx} + \varphi(-t) e^{itx}] \right|
 \end{aligned}$$



John 1:6

There was a man sent from God whose name was John. He came as a witness to testify concerning that light, so that through him all might believe.

3. His light shines *to generate faith*

John 3:14-16

Just as Moses lifted up the snake in the desert, so the Son of Man must be lifted up, that everyone who believes in him may have eternal life. "For God so loved the world that he gave his one and only Son, that whoever believes in him shall not perish but have eternal life."

John 3:19-21

This is the verdict: Light has come into the world, but men loved darkness instead of light because their deeds were evil. Everyone who does evil hates the light, and will not come into the light for fear that his deeds will be exposed. But whoever lives by the truth comes into the light, so that it may be seen plainly that what he has done has been done through God. (LIFE)

There is a way to the truth and a way to life.

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This is why FAITH is THE condition of salvation

Is not:

you must accept
one view among
many plausible
ones

Is:

you must come out of the
darkness and into the light
because life and light go
together

4. Christ only gives *illuminated* life



The light makes it grow



The light is a signal-
but it doesn't need it.



"I am the light of the world. Whoever follows me will never walk in darkness, but will have the light of life."

John 12:35-36a

"Then Jesus told them, 'You are going to leave the light just a little while longer. Walk while you have it the light, before darkness overtakes you. Whoever walks in the darkness will know where they are going, because the light while you have the light, make use of it before darkness overtakes you!'

Then Jesus cried out, "Whoever believes in me does not believe in me only but in the one who sent me. The one who looks at me is seeing the one who sent me. Those coming into the world as a gift, so that no one who believes in me should stay in darkness."

John 8:12

“When Jesus spoke again to the people, he said,
“I am the light of the world. Whoever follows me
will never walk in darkness, but will have the light
of life.”

John 12:35-36a

“Then Jesus told them, “You are going to have the light just a little while longer. Walk while you have the light, before darkness overtakes you. Whoever walks in the dark does not know where they are going. Believe in the light while you have the light, so that you may become children of light.”

John 12:44-46

Then Jesus cried out, “Whoever believes in me does not believe in me only, but in the one who sent me. The one who looks at me is seeing the one who sent me. I have come into the world as a light, so that no one who believes in me should stay in darkness.

$$\sum_{k=1}^r \int_{b_k v}^{x+b_k v} \left(\int_0^t \psi_k^*(\tau) d\tau \right) dt - x \int_0^{b_k v} \psi_k^*(\tau) d\tau = \frac{x^2}{2} B(v) + \int_0^x (x-u) \sum_{k=1}^r \psi_k^*(u) du \quad A(v) = \sum_{k=1}^r b_k \psi^*(b_k v)$$

$$\eta_1 = \sum_{k=1}^n a_k \xi_k$$

$$\log \varphi(u) = -\frac{\sigma^2 u^2}{2}$$

$$i^2 := -1; j^2 := -1; k^2 := -1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\binom{2n}{n+c}}{\binom{2n}{n}} = e^{-2c}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2}} dt$$

$$S(\alpha, \tau) = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin \alpha t}{t} dt$$

$$P(\eta_{\infty} < x) = F(x)$$

$$P(\eta < y | \xi = x) = \sup_{y' < y, y' \in \mathbb{Q}} P(\eta < y' | \xi = x)$$

$$\varepsilon \quad g^{-1} \cdot g = e$$

$$\mathcal{Y} = \sqrt{\frac{\lambda_n}{\nu_n}} \left(\frac{\eta_{\lambda_n}}{\sqrt{\lambda_n}} + \frac{\eta_{\nu_n} - \eta_{\lambda_n}}{\sqrt{\lambda_n}} \right)$$

$$f(t|y) = \frac{2e^{\frac{y^2}{2}}}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{\frac{y}{\sqrt{t}}}^{+\infty} \frac{e^{-\frac{u^2}{2}} du}{\left(1 - \frac{y^2}{u^2}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$

$$\Delta N = \sum_{n=1}^N \frac{\varepsilon_n}{n}$$

$$\prod_{k \leq b}; \bigcup_{i=1}^{n-1} M_i; \bigcap_{n=0}^{\infty} X_n$$

$$f_n(t) = \frac{\lambda^n t^{n-1} e^{-\lambda t}}{(n-1)!}$$

$$H_r(x) = \frac{G_r(x)}{1+G_r(x)}$$

$$U_n^{(c)} = \binom{2n}{n} - \binom{2n}{n-c}$$

$$\frac{t^n e^{-\lambda t}}{n!} \quad \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} (e^{\lambda t}) = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n$$

$$a_{ij} b_{jv}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\zeta(n)}{n} = p_k$$

$$R = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \varphi(t) dt$$

$$\left| \frac{\sinh t}{t} [\varphi(t) e^{-itx} + \varphi(-te^{i\theta})] \right|$$











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JESUS